

Supplements

Fig. 1S. Wing membrane skin lesions associated with white nose syndrome of specimens selected for the lipidomic analysis. Adult greater mouse-eared bat female (*Myotis myotis*). A) WNS illustrated using trans-illumination by ultraviolet light. Distinctive (orange-yellow fluorescent foci) are clearly seen. B) PAS stained histopathological section shows cupping erosions packed with fungal hyphae (black asterisks), hair follicle colonization (white arrow), and sebaceous gland infection (black arrow).

